

# Navigating the Shadows: Integrative Approaches to Chronic Suicidality

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# What Is Chronic Suicidality?

Background  
thought or urge

General response  
to stress and  
sorrow

May or may not  
be acute

# Passive vs. Acute

## Passive:

1. Coping mechanism
2. Source of comfort and control
3. Lacks intent

"I wish I was dead. I **could** kill myself."

## Acute:

1. Suicide serves as a final answer
2. Without intervention, they believe they will die by suicide
3. Has intent

"I am going to die. I **will** kill myself."

"Suicidal ideation is not simply a desire to die—it is a desperate search for an exit from unbearable suffering. Our role is not to erase the darkness, but to help reimagine the paths beyond it."

— Dr. Mala

# Unique Risks of Chronic Suicidality

1. Higher attempt likelihood.
2. Desensitization.
3. Often becomes a part of someone's identity.

# *Is Hospitalization the Best Answer?*

- ✓ Safety and stabilization
- ✓ 24/7 monitoring and access to care
- ✓ Crisis intervention and medication management
- ✓ Opportunity for structured psychiatric evaluation
- ✓ Short-term relief for overwhelmed caregivers
- ! Can feel traumatic or punitive to the patient
- ! Potential for loss of autonomy
- ! Limited therapeutic depth
- ! Risk of reinforcing shame or fear around help-seeking
- ! Disruption to work, family, or school

# Addressing Fear

# Practical Strategies for Providers

- Collaborative Safety Planning
  - Lean in to supervision and team consultation to avoid fear-based liability
  - Stanley Brown Safety Plan
- Take the “Threshold Test”
  - Would I feel ethically and legally secure if I didn’t hospitalize this person right now—and something happened?
  - What would I want a colleague to do in this exact situation?
    - Use these to normalize high-quality, transparent decision-making rather than over deferring to ER’s

# The Vicious Cycle of Provider Distress

Fear can trigger a cycle that impacts both provider and patient well-being.





# Exercise: The Internal Case Conference

## Objective:

To help us explore how our internal dialogue—particularly fear—can shape the way we approach suicide risk, and to reflect on what an internal “consultation” with our wiser, grounded self might reveal.

👉 Imagine this: You’re in a private “case conference,” but not with a supervisor or a team.

Instead, you’re meeting with three parts of yourself:

1. **Your Present Self** (the one who faced the client today)
2. **Your Fearful Self** (who reacts to risk, liability, uncertainty)
3. **Your Wise Self** (the one who remembers your training, your humanity, and your values)

**Write a conversation among the three.** You can start with a prompt like:

**“Today I sat across from someone who told me they didn’t want to be here anymore...”**

- What did your Present Self feel or do?
- What did your Fearful Self want to say or avoid?
- What would your Wise Self like to remind you of?

# Effective Care

Hope and  
motivation

Support and  
honesty

Long-term  
stability

# Talk About Suicide, Even When It's Uncomfortable

Talking about SI can open patients up to deep healing.



# Expect Resistance



## **Normalize the Discomfort**

- Patients may resist giving up suicidal thoughts — it may feel like losing a coping strategy.



## **Validate Without Pushing**

- Acknowledge the purpose these thoughts may have served without forcing immediate change.



## **Stay Steady**

- Meet resistance with compassion, not correction. This builds trust and opens space for growth.

# CBT, DBT, and Medications

Cognitive Therapy for Suicide Prevention (CT-SP)

DBT for distress tolerance

Behavioral Chain Analysis (BCA)

Psychoeducation

## Medications

- Clozapine used for chronic suicidality (treatment-resistant schizophrenia)
- Lithium
- SSRIs, SNRIs
- Antipsychotics / Atypical

# Tools & Tips



# Replacement Skills and Redirects

Redirects include a thought or activity that redirects the energy put into suicidal ideation.



# Replacement Skills and Redirects, cont.

Redirects include:

- Identifying personal strengths and self-efficacy.
- Correcting thought distortions.
- Change mental energy into physical or creative.
- Opposite action.
- Distress tolerance skills.
- Create a skills contract.
- Review progress and make adjustments.

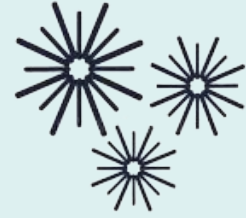
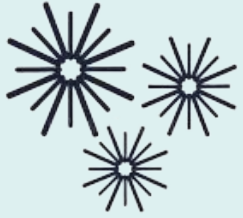


# The LLL Approach - Right Away & Long Term

Listen, Learn, Liberate...

...To create...

Trust, Relief, Hope



# HOPE

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“Approaching suicide as problem-solvers can give the hope many need to overcome it—fear, apprehension, and silence only confirm the beliefs required for a suicide attempt.”

-Grace Ogren

"When we meet suicidality with compassion, collaboration, and curiosity—not fear—we create the conditions for hope to re-enter. Recovery isn't born from silence or avoidance; it's built moment by moment through understanding, empowerment, and unwavering human connection."

— Dr. Mala

# Thanks!

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